## **Lesson 4: Applications of Linear Functions**

## GOAL:

To solve contextual problems modelled by linear functions.

To solve contextual problems involving the characteristics of quadratic functions.

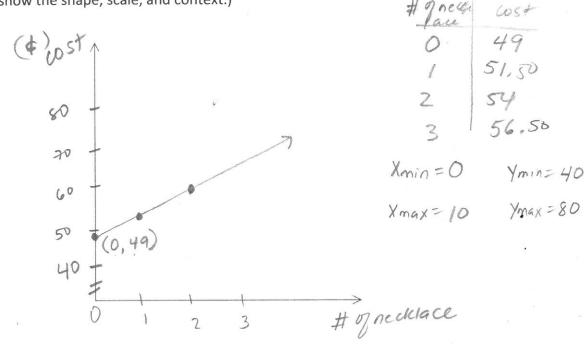
## **Example 1: Linear Application with Equation Given**

\$2.50 necklau

Maya is making necklaces for a craft fair. It costs her \$2.50 to make each necklace, and she needs to pay \$49 to rent a table at the craft fair. This situation is modelled by the following equation: C = 2.5n + 49

where n represents the number of necklaces made and C represents the total cost.

a) Sketch a graph of this function. (When making a graph for a word problem, extra labelling is required to show the shape, scale, and context.)



b) Find Maya's total cost if she plans to make 200 necklaces. You can substitute the value for *n* (200) into the equation but you can also use the 2<sup>nd</sup> CALC: 1:Value option on the graphing calculator too. This is similar to the process that you use to find the *y*-intercept. Your teacher will guide you through this method.

1. Value

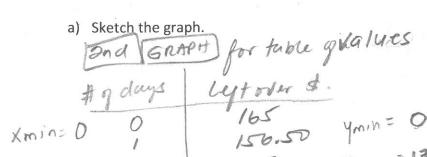
X = 200 (Note we must change mus

**Example 2: Linear Application with Equation Given** 

Ahmed starts the week with \$165 and spends \$8.50 per day. This situation is modelled by the following equation:

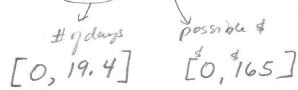
$$L = 165 - 8.5d$$

where d is the number of days that have passed and L is the amount of money he has left.



Xmax 10

b) State the domain and range of this situation.



100 20

c) How much money does Ahmed have after 5 days have passed?

\$122.50 lyt 
$$L = 165 - 8.50(5)$$
  
 $L = 122.50$ 

d) How much money does Ahmed have after 30 days have passed?

e) When will Ahmed have \$100 left? This is the same as asking you to find the x value when you know the y value. In this case, you will be finding the d-value when you know the L-value. This is the same process that you used to find the x-intercepts of functions. You will enter an equation into the y = screen ( $Y_2 = 100$ ) and then use 2<sup>nd</sup> CALC: 5: intersect to solve for the dvalue. Your teacher will guide you through the process.

on the 7th day he will have approx. \$100.